



## COURSE DESCRIPTION CARD - SYLLABUS

Course name

Applied Thermodynamics [S2MiBP1>TT]

### Course

Field of study

Mechanical and Automotive Engineering

Year/Semester

1/1

Area of study (specialization)

Heavy-duty Machines

Profile of study

general academic

Level of study

second-cycle

Course offered in

Polish

Form of study

full-time

Requirements

compulsory

### Number of hours

Lecture

15

Laboratory classes

0

Other

0

Tutorials

15

Projects/seminars

0

### Number of credit points

2,00

### Coordinators

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### Lecturers

### Prerequisites

Student should have basic knowledge in mathematics (integration, differentiation) and in physics, also in thermodynamics (first course). Should be able to obtain information from the library and internet, should be ready to cooperate in a team.

### Course objective

The purpose of the course is to deepen the student knowledge on thermodynamics and to prepare him to solve more complex problems. The purpose of the subject is also to draw attention to the issue of ecology.

### Course-related learning outcomes

Knowledge:

Has a basic knowledge of the mechanics of solids and discrete systems with many degrees of freedom, mathematical modeling of physical and mechanical systems based on d'Alembert's principle and Lagrange's equations, mathematical description of materials using constitutive equations.

Has extended knowledge of thermodynamics and fluid mechanics to the extent necessary to understand the principle of operation and calculations of thermodynamic and flow processes occurring in working machines such as heating, cooling, drying, thermal and pressure agglomeration, etc., pneumatic

transport, energy conversion, etc.

Has a general knowledge of the types of research and methods of testing working machines with the use of modern measurement techniques and data acquisition.

#### Skills:

He can estimate the potential threats to the environment and people from the designed working machine and vehicle from a selected group.

Is able to carry out basic measurements of mechanical quantities on the tested working machine with the use of modern measuring systems.

Is able to use the acquired knowledge in the field of thermodynamics and fluid mechanics to simulate thermodynamic processes in technological systems of machines, using specialized computer programs.

#### Social competences:

It is ready to fulfill social obligations, inspire and organize activities for the benefit of the social environment.

It is ready to initiate actions for the public interest.

Is willing to think and act in an entrepreneurial manner.

### Methods for verifying learning outcomes and assessment criteria

Learning outcomes presented above are verified as follows:

Learning outcomes presented above are verified as follows:

Lecture: knowledge acquired during the lecture is verified by a 90-minute colloquium.

In tutorial class the knowledge is verified by a final test.

### Programme content

Heat and work in physical description. Laws and principles of thermodynamics. The cycles and changes that create them. Phase transformations and combustion reactions. Selected issues of heat transfer.

### Course topics

Lecture: Definition of work, internal energy and enthalpy (ideal and real gas). The first law of thermodynamics (the closed and opened systems). Specific heat. Free energy and free enthalpy. Mixture of perfect gases. Spontaneous processes, irreversibility of processes, dissipation heat. The second law of thermodynamics. Analysis of basic thermodynamic processes: isothermal process, adiabatic process, isochoric process, isobaric process and reversible process, polytropic process. Efficiency of compression and expansion processes. Thermal efficiency of the gas power cycles - methods for optimizing the cycles. Supercritical fluids. Water vapor, property diagrams for phase changes processes. Vapor cycles and their thermal efficiency. The vapor-gas cycles. Theoretical and actual combustion processes. Flue gas composition. Heat of combustion. The basic processes of humid air and drying process. The thermodynamic phenomena in pneumatic systems. Heat transfer. Conduction through membranes without and with an internal heat source, natural and forced convection, radiation (basic concepts of radiation, Stefan Boltzmann's law, radiation heat exchangers). Tutorial classes: solving practical problems (the first and second law of thermodynamics, power cycles, efficiency). Calculations of the air demand in combustion processes, exhaust composition. Calculations of adiabatic dryers.

### Teaching methods

Lecture: multimedia presentation illustrated with examples on the board.

In the classroom (tutorial), the practical problems are solved on the board.

### Bibliography

#### Basic

1. Szargut, J. Termodynamika, PWN, Warszawa, 2000.
2. Demichowicz-Pigoniowa, J., Obliczenia fizykochemiczne, PWN, Warszawa, 1984.
3. Wiśniewski, S., Wiśniewski, T., Wymiana ciepła, WNT, 2002.
4. Szargut, J., Guzik, A., Górniak, H., Zadania z termodynamiki Technicznej, Wyd. Politechniki Śląskiej, Gliwice, 2011.

5. Furmański, P., Domański, R., Wymiana ciepła, Przykłady obliczeń i zadania, Oficyna Wydawnicza Politechniki Warszawskiej, 2002.

Additional

1. Cengel, Y., Boles, M.A., Thermodynamics, an engineering approach, Mc Graw Hill, 2008.

2. Incropera, F., DeWitt, D., Fundamentals of heat and mass transfer, Wiley, 2008 3. Ghiaasiaan, M., Convective heat and mass transfer, Cambridge University Press, 2014

3. Ghiaasiaan, M., Convective heat and mass transfer, Cambridge University Press, 2014

### Breakdown of average student's workload

	Hours	ECTS
Total workload	50	2,00
Classes requiring direct contact with the teacher	30	1,00
Student's own work (literature studies, preparation for laboratory classes/ tutorials, preparation for tests/exam, project preparation)	20	1,00